Classical Mechanics and Geometry

Classical Mechanics and Geometry

Si Li

Department of Mathematical Sciences
Tsinghua University

Classical Mechanics and Geometry

by Si Li Department of Mathematical Sciences, Tsinghua University

Copyright © 2023 by International Press of Boston, Inc. Somerville, Massachusetts, U.S.A. www.intlpress.com

All rights reserved. Individual readers of this publication, and non-profit libraries acting for them, are permitted to make fair use of the material, such as to copy a chapter for use in teaching or research. Permission is granted to quote brief passages from this publication in reviews, provided the customary acknowledgement of the source is given. Republication, systematic copying, or mass reproduction of any material in this publication is permitted only under license from International Press.

ISBN (print): 978-1-57146-454-5 ISBN (online): 978-1-57146-455-2

Printed in China, September 2023

Contents

| Pı | refac | е | | ix | | | |
|----|----------------------|---------|--|----|--|--|--|
| 1 | Lagrangian Mechanics | | | | | | |
| | 1.1 | Princi | ple of Least Action | 1 | | | |
| | | 1.1.1 | Newtonian Mechanics | 1 | | | |
| | | 1.1.2 | Action Functional | 2 | | | |
| | | 1.1.3 | Principle of Least Time | 3 | | | |
| | | 1.1.4 | Principle of Minimum Energy | 5 | | | |
| | 1.2 | Euler- | Lagrange Equation | 6 | | | |
| | | 1.2.1 | Calculus of Variations | 6 | | | |
| | | 1.2.2 | Comparison with Calculus | 7 | | | |
| | | 1.2.3 | Examples | 9 | | | |
| | | 1.2.4 | Plane Motion with Central Force | 15 | | | |
| | 1.3 | Noeth | er's Theorem | 18 | | | |
| | | 1.3.1 | Infinitesimal Symmetry | 18 | | | |
| | | 1.3.2 | Noether's Theorem | 19 | | | |
| | | 1.3.3 | Energy, Momentum, and Angular Momentum | 22 | | | |
| | 1.4 | Kepler | r Problem | 23 | | | |
| | | 1.4.1 | Harmonic Oscillator | 25 | | | |
| | | 1.4.2 | The Inverse Square Law | 26 | | | |
| | | 1.4.3 | Laplace-Runge-Lenz Vector | 31 | | | |
| | 1.5 | Rigid | Body | 33 | | | |
| | | 1.5.1 | Angular Velocity | 34 | | | |
| | | 1.5.2 | Inertia Tensor | 36 | | | |
| | | 1.5.3 | Euler's Equation | 40 | | | |
| | | 1.5.4 | Free Tops | 41 | | | |
| | | 1.5.5 | Euler's Equation in Lax Form | 42 | | | |
| 2 | Har | niltoni | an Mechanics | 45 | | | |
| | 2.1 | Hamil | ton's Equations | 45 | | | |
| | | 2.1.1 | Hamilton's Equations | 45 | | | |
| | | 2.1.2 | Legendre Transform | 49 | | | |
| | 2.2 | Poisso | on Bracket | 50 | | | |

vi *CONTENTS*

| | | 2.2.1 | Phase Space and Poisson Bracket |
|---|------|--------|---|
| | | 2.2.2 | Constant of Motion |
| | 2.3 | Liouvi | lle's Theorem |
| | | 2.3.1 | Phase Flow and Liouville's Theorem |
| | | 2.3.2 | Liouville's Equation |
| | | 2.3.3 | Poincaré's Recurrence Theorem |
| | 2.4 | Canon | ical Transformation |
| | | 2.4.1 | Time-independent Canonical Transformation 60 |
| | | 2.4.2 | Infinitesimal Canonical Transformation |
| | | 2.4.3 | Time-dependent Canonical Transformation 64 |
| | 2.5 | Hamilt | con-Jacobi Equation |
| | | 2.5.1 | Extremal Action and Hamilton-Jacobi Equation 68 |
| | | 2.5.2 | Canonical Transformation via Hamilton-Jacobi |
| | 2.6 | Geome | etric Optics |
| | | 2.6.1 | Eikonal Equation |
| | | 2.6.2 | Wavefront |
| | | 2.6.3 | Maxwell Fisheye |
| | | | |
| 3 | Inte | | of Symplectic Geometry 81 |
| | 3.1 | Vector | Field and Differential Form $\dots \dots \dots$ |
| | | 3.1.1 | Vector Field |
| | | 3.1.2 | Differential Form |
| | | 3.1.3 | Lie Derivative |
| | | 3.1.4 | Stoke's Theorem |
| | 3.2 | Cartar | r Formula and Poincaré Lemma |
| | | 3.2.1 | Cartan Formula |
| | | 3.2.2 | Poincaré Lemma |
| | 3.3 | | ectic Form |
| | | 3.3.1 | Symplectic Vector Space |
| | | 3.3.2 | Symplectic Form |
| | | 3.3.3 | Darboux Theorem |
| | 3.4 | Geome | etry of Canonical Transformations |
| | | 3.4.1 | Canonical Transformation Revisited |
| | | 3.4.2 | Poincaré's Integral Invariant |
| | 3.5 | Symple | ectic Manifold |
| | | 3.5.1 | Smooth Manifold |
| | | 3.5.2 | Symplectic Manifold |
| | | 3.5.3 | Lagrangian Submanifold |
| | 3.6 | Mome | nt Map |
| | | 3.6.1 | Lie Group and Lie Algebra |
| | | 3.6.2 | Moment Map |
| | | 3.6.3 | Symplectic Reduction |

CONTENTS vii

| 4 | Inte | grable | System | 137 |
|----|-------|---------|---|-----|
| | 4.1 | Liouvi | lle Integrability | 137 |
| | | 4.1.1 | Liouville Integrability and Liouville Tori | 137 |
| | | 4.1.2 | Liouville-Arnol'd Theorem | 139 |
| | 4.2 | Integra | ability of Kepler Problem | 143 |
| | | 4.2.1 | Complete Integrability | 143 |
| | | 4.2.2 | Action-Angle Variables | 143 |
| | 4.3 | Hamilt | ton-Jacobi v.s. Liouville Integrability | 149 |
| | | 4.3.1 | Local Complete Solution | 149 |
| | | 4.3.2 | Integrability via Hamilton-Jacobi Theory | 150 |
| | 4.4 | Toda I | Lattice | 154 |
| | | 4.4.1 | Toda Equations in Lax Form | 154 |
| | | 4.4.2 | Integrability of Toda Lattice | 157 |
| | 4.5 | Caloge | ero-Moser System | 160 |
| | | 4.5.1 | Calogero-Moser Space via Symplectic Reduction | 160 |
| | | 4.5.2 | Integrability of Calogero-Moser System | 163 |
| Bi | bliog | raphy | | 167 |

Preface

In April 2021, Qiuzhen College (求真书院) was newly established at Tsinghua University under the leadership of Professor Shing-Tung Yau. It homes the distinguished elite mathematics program in China starting in 2021: the "Yau Mathematical Sciences Leaders Program" (丘成桐数学科学领军人才培养计划). This program puts strong emphasis on basic sciences related to mathematics in a broad sense. Though majored in mathematics, students in this program are required to study fundamental theoretical physics such as classical mechanics, electromagnetism, quantum mechanics, and statistical mechanics, in order to understand global perspectives of theoretical sciences. It is an exciting challenge both for students and for instructors.

This preliminary note is written for the course "Classical Mechanics" that I lectured at Qiuzhen College in the fall semester of 2022. It is to explain key physics ingredients of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics, as well as their connections with modern geometric development. We put heavy emphasis on different faces of concrete examples in order to understand the bridge between mathematics and physics. Examples such at Toda lattice and Calogero-Moser System are still active research topics nowadays in areas of integrable system, representation theory and mathematical physics. A large part of this note relies on the beautiful books of "Mechanics" by Landau-Lifshitz, and "Mathematical Methods of Classical Mechanics" by Arnol'd, which themselves show different faces of this classical subject. Other useful resources that we consulted are listed at the end of this note.

I would like to thank Yang Peng (杨鹏) and Wang Jinyi (王进一), who have done amazing jobs of teaching assistant for this course. An early version of this note was typed by Yang Peng, including all those beautiful figures that are better arts than my blackboard drawings. I want to thank Ding Xu Zhihan (丁徐祉晗) and Liu Jiuhe (刘九和) for their help on careful proofreading of this note, as well as their important roles of being excellent students for the whole semester. I want to thank my colleague Zhou Jie (周杰), the collaboration and discussion with whom in this year have kept my brain fresh during the preparation of this note. Special thank goes to Cheng Ziyu (程子钰) from office of Teaching Affairs at Qiuzhen College, whose tremendous help has saved me alive from heavy administrative service to finish this note.

Jan 1, 2023